

Client Information

Client Name Generic Client

Date of birth (age) 14 December 1980 (42)

Assessment Information

Assessment

Personality Inventory for DSM-5 - Short Form (PID-5-SF)

Date administered Assessor

7 August 2023 Dr David Hegarty

Time taken | 4 minutes 36 seconds

Personality Domains

	Average Score (0-3)	Normative Percentile
Negative Affect	2.8	99.9
Detachment	0.8	47.2
Antagonism	0.1	12
Disinhibition	1.8	98.9
Psychoticism	1.5	94

Alternative Models of Personality Disorder (from DSM-5)

	Score	Normative Percentile
Schizotypal (range 0 - 18)	6	65.8
Antisocial (range 0 - 21)	4.5	45.5
Antisocial with Psychopathy (range 0 - 30)	10.5	61.9
Borderline (range 0 - 21)	14	> 99.3
Narcissistic (range 0 - 6)	3	> 89.6
Avoidant (range 0 - 12)	5.25	77.9
Obsessive-Compulsive (range 0 - 12)	3.25	45.6

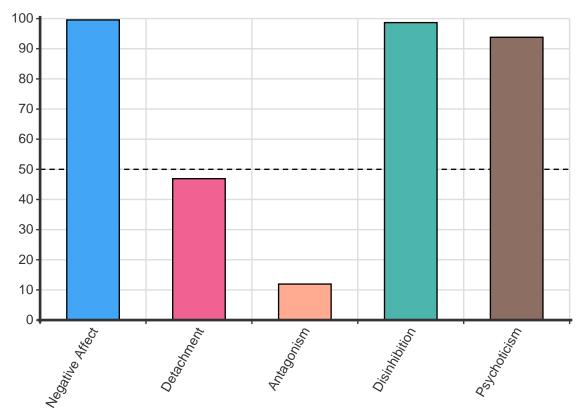
Personality Facets

	Average Score (0-3)	Normative Percentile
Anhedonia	2.25	98.3
Anxiousness	3	> 99.7
Attention Seeking	3	> 99.9
Callousness	0	< 21.2
Deceitfulness	0.25	30.9
Depressivity	2	99.1
Distractability	3	> 99.9
Eccentricity	2.25	97
Emotional Lability	2.75	99.3
Grandiosity	0	< 7.9
Hostility	2	94.8



Client Name	Generic Client				
Results (cont.)					
	Impulsivity	1.75	95.7		
	Intimacy Avoidance	0	< 17.4		
	Irresponsibility	0.5	58.9		
	Manipulativeness	0	< 11.6		
	Perceptual Dysregulation 1		87.8		
	Perseveration	2.25	99		
	Restricted Affectivity	0	< 4.1		
	Rigid Perfectionism	1	47.1		
	Risk Taking	0	< 2		
	Separation Insecurity	2.5	99.4		
	Submissiveness	2	89.6		
	Suspiciousness	1.5	82.9		
	Unusual Beliefs And Experiences	1.25	83.4		
	Withdrawal	0	< 8		

Personality Domain Normative Percentiles

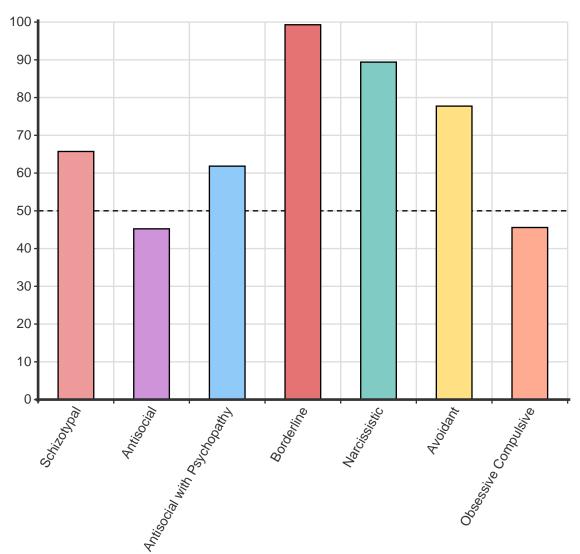




Client Name

Generic Client

AMPD Normative Percentiles



Scoring and Interpretation Information

Scoring and interpretation of the PID-5-SF involves summing the item responses within each facet and domain to obtain average scores (between 0 and 3). Higher average scores indicate elevated levels of specific personality traits, while average scores indicate relatively lower expression of those traits.

The PID-5-SF assesses five broad domains of personality traits, each representing distinct patterns of behaviour, emotions, and interpersonal functioning:

1. Negative Affectivity: This domain reflects the tendency to



Client Name

Generic Client

Scoring and Interpretation Information (cont.)

experience a range of negative emotions, such as anxiety, sadness, and irritability. Individuals scoring high in this domain may be prone to frequent mood swings, experience emotional distress more intensely, and may have difficulty regulating their emotions. Made up of the Emotional lability, Anxiousness, Separation insecurity facets.

- 2. Detachment: Detachment refers to a person's emotional and social withdrawal tendencies. Individuals high in this domain may have difficulty connecting with others, prefer solitude, and may appear emotionally distant or aloof in social interactions. Made up of the Withdrawal, Anhedonia, Intimacy avoidance facets.
- 3. Antagonism: This domain captures traits related to interpersonal hostility, manipulation, and callousness. Individuals scoring high in antagonism may be argumentative, uncooperative, and show a lack of empathy or concern for others. Made up of the Manipulativeness, Deceitfulness, Grandiosity facets.
- 4. Disinhibition: Disinhibition involves impulsivity and lack of self-control. Individuals high in disinhibition may engage in reckless behaviours, have difficulty resisting temptations, and may struggle with impulse control. Made up of the Irresponsibility, Impulsivity, Distractibility facets.
- 5. Psychoticism: The psychoticism domain encompasses unusual or eccentric patterns of thinking and perceiving reality. High scores in this domain may indicate a potential vulnerability to more severe psychiatric symptoms. Made up of the Unusual beliefs and experiences, Eccentricity, Perceptual dysregulation

The PID-5-SF can also be used to determine Alternative Model of Personalities (AMPD) composite scores, which align with more traditional diagnostic labels, and is consistent with the dimensional trait model proposed in Section III of the DSM-5 and consistent with the DSM-5-TR:

- Schizotypal: (Facets: Perceptual Dysregulation, Unusual Beliefs And Experiences, Eccentricity, Restricted Affectivity, Withdrawal, and Suspiciousness.)
- Antisocial: (Manipulativeness, Callousness, Deceitfulness, Hostility, Risk Taking, Impulsivity, and Irresponsibility facets)
- Antisocial with Psychopathy: (Manipulativeness, Callousness, Deceitfulness, Hostility, Risk Taking, Impulsivity, Irresponsibility, Attention Seeking, Anxiousness (inversed), and Withdrawal (inversed))
- Borderline: (Emotional Lability, Anxiousness, Separation Insecurity, Depressivity, Impulsivity, Risk Taking, and Hostility)
- Narcissistic: (Attention Seeking and Grandiosity)
- Avoidant: (Anxiousness, Withdrawal, Anhedonia, and Intimacy



Scoring and Interpretation Information (cont.)

Avoidance)

- Obsessive-Compulsive: (Rigid Perfectionism, Perseveration, Intimacy Avoidance, and Restricted Affectivity)

The 25 facets capture specific dimensions of personality functioning. providing a detailed understanding of an individual's personality traits and potential areas of concern.:

- 1. Anhedonia (items 9, 11, 43, 65): Lack of interest or pleasure in activities, diminished capacity to experience joy.
- 2. Anxiousness (items 24, 36, 48, 78): Frequent feelings of tension, worry, and apprehension.
- 3. Attention Seeking (items 23, 77, 87, 97): Actively seeking attention and validation from others, often at the expense of others' needs.
- 4. Callousness (items 7, 62, 72, 82): Lack of empathy or concern for others' feelings, showing indifference to their suffering.
- 5. Deceitfulness (items 18, 51, 95, 99): Dishonesty, tendency to deceive or manipulate others for personal gain.
- 6. Depressivity (items 26, 60, 70, 74): Frequent feelings of sadness, hopelessness, and low mood.
- 7. Distractibility (items 39, 49, 55, 91): Difficulty in maintaining focus and easily getting distracted by external stimuli.
- 8. Eccentricity (items 10, 22, 61, 94): Unconventional and idiosyncratic behaviours or beliefs.
- 9. Emotional Lability (items 41, 53, 71, 81): Rapid shifts in emotions, with intense mood swings.
- 10. Grandiosity (items 14, 37, 85, 90): Exaggerated sense of selfimportance, arrogance, and a belief in one's superiority.
- 11. Hostility (items 12, 31, 66, 75): Frequent feelings of anger, resentment, and a tendency to be hostile towards others.
- 12. Impulsivity (items 2, 5, 6, 8): Acting on urges and desires without considering potential consequences.
- 13. Intimacy Avoidance (items 29, 40, 56, 93): Avoiding or feeling uncomfortable in close relationships, maintaining emotional distance.
- 14. Irresponsibility (items 47, 64, 68, 76): Lack of reliability and failure to fulfil obligations and commitments.
- 15. Manipulativeness (items 35, 44, 69, 100): Using others for personal gain, manipulating or exploiting their emotions.
- 16. Perceptual Dysregulation (items 15, 63, 88, 98): Distorted perception of reality, experiencing unusual sensory experiences or hallucinations.
- 17. Perseveration (items 19, 25, 32, 46): Repeating thoughts, behaviours, or actions excessively and having difficulty changing focus.
- 18. Restricted Affectivity (items 28, 30, 73, 83): Limited range of emotional expression, appearing emotionally distant or cold.
- 19. Rigid Perfectionism (items 33, 42, 80, 89): Setting high standards for oneself and others, with a tendency towards



Scoring and Interpretation Information (cont.)

inflexibility.

- 20. Risk Taking (items 13, 16, 21, 67): Seeking out or engaging in potentially dangerous or risky activities.
- 21. Separation Insecurity (items 17, 45, 58, 79): Fear of abandonment or rejection, often leading to clingy behaviours in relationships.
- 22. Submissiveness (items 3, 4, 20, 92): Tendency to submit to others' demands or authority, often at the expense of one's own
- 23. Suspiciousness (items 1, 38, 50, 86): Mistrust and suspicion of others' intentions, feeling easily threatened.
- 24. Unusual Beliefs and Experiences (items 34, 54, 59, 96): Holding beliefs or experiences that are unconventional or at odds with societal norms.
- 25. Withdrawal (items 27, 52, 57, 84): Avoiding social interactions, preferring to be alone or isolated from others.

Normative percentiles, which compare the respondent's score to those of a adult normative sample are presenting (Miller et al's (2022) analysis of Krueger et al's (2012) data). These percentiles allow the clinician to contextualise where their client's scores sit in comparison to a normative group. For example, a percentile of 50 is indicative of an average level of that trait or personality domain when compared to the normative group. In contrast, a percentile of 90 indicates scores above 90% of the adult population, and is therefore likely to be of clinical significance. Plots are shown for the personality domain and AMPD percentiles, with a dotted line at 50 which indicates an average level in comparison to the normative group.

CI	Client Responses					
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True	
1	Plenty of people are out to get me.	0	1	2	3	
2	I feel like I act totally on impulse.	0	1	2	3	
3	I change what I do depending on what others want.	0	1	2	3	
4	I usually do what others think I should do.	0	1	2	3	
5	I usually do things on impulse without thinking about what might happen as a result.	0	1	2	3	
6	Even though I know better, I can't stop making rash decisions.	0	1	2	3	



CI	Client Responses (cont.)					
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True	
7	I really don't care if I make other people suffer.	0	1	2	3	
8	I always do things on the spur of the moment.	0	1	2	3	
9	Nothing seems to interest me very much.	0	1	2	3	
10	People have told me that I think about things in a really strange way.	0	1	2	3	
11	I almost never enjoy life.	0	1	2	3	
12	I am easily angered.	0	1	2	3	
13	I have no limits when it comes to doing dangerous things.	0	1	2	3	
14	To be honest, I'm just more important than other people.	0	1	2	3	
15	It's weird, but sometimes ordinary objects seem to be a different shape than usual.	0	1	2	3	
16	I do a lot of things that others consider risky.	0	1	2	3	
17	I worry a lot about being alone.	0	1	2	3	
18	I often make up things about myself to help me get what I want.	0	1	2	3	
19	I keep approaching things the same way, even when it isn't working.	0	1	2	3	
20	I do what other people tell me to do.	0	1	2	3	
21	I like to take risks.	0	1	2	3	
22	Others seem to think I'm quite odd or unusual.	0	1	2	3	
23	I love getting the attention of other people.	0	1	2	3	
24	I worry a lot about terrible things that might happen.	0	1	2	3	
25	I have trouble changing how I'm doing something even if what I'm doing isn't going well.	0	1	2	3	



CI	Client Responses (cont.)					
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True	
26	The world would be better off if I were dead.	0	1	2	3	
27	I keep my distance from people.	0	1	2	3	
28	I don't get emotional.	0	1	2	3	
29	I prefer to keep romance out of my life.	0	1	2	3	
30	I don't show emotions strongly.	0	1	2	3	
31	I have a very short temper.	0	1	2	3	
32	I get fixated on certain things and can't stop.	0	1	2	3	
33	If something I do isn't absolutely perfect, it's simply not acceptable.	0	1	2	3	
34	I often have unusual experiences, such as sensing the presence of someone who isn't actually there.	0	1	2	3	
35	I'm good at making people do what I want them to do.	0	1	2	3	
36	I'm always worrying about something.	0	1	2	3	
37	I'm better than almost everyone else.	0	1	2	3	
38	I'm always on my guard for someone trying to trick or harm me.	0	1	2	3	
39	I have trouble keeping my mind focused on what needs to be done.	0	1	2	3	
40	I'm just not very interested in having sexual relationships.	0	1	2	3	
41	I get emotional easily, often for very little reason.	0	1	2	3	
42	Even though it drives other people crazy, I insist on absolute perfection in everything I do.	0	1	2	3	
43	I almost never feel happy about my day-to-day activities.	0	1	2	3	
44	Sweet-talking others helps me get what I want.	0	1	2	3	



CI	Client Responses (cont.)				
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True
45	I fear being alone in life more than anything else.	0	1	2	3
46	I get stuck on one way of doing things, even when it's clear it won't work.	0	1	2	3
47	I'm often pretty careless with my own and others' things.	0	1	2	3
48	I am a very anxious person.	0	1	2	3
49	I am easily distracted.	0	1	2	3
50	It seems like I'm always getting a "raw deal" from others.	0	1	2	3
51	I don't hesitate to cheat if it gets me ahead.	0	1	2	3
52	I don't like spending time with others.	0	1	2	3
53	I never know where my emotions will go from moment to moment.	0	1	2	3
54	I have seen things that weren't really there.	0	1	2	3
55	I can't focus on things for very long.	0	1	2	3
56	I steer clear of romantic relationships.	0	1	2	3
57	I'm not interested in making friends.	0	1	2	3
58	I'll do just about anything to keep someone from abandoning me.	0	1	2	3
59	Sometimes I can influence other people just by sending my thoughts to them.	0	1	2	3
60	Life looks pretty bleak to me.	0	1	2	3
61	I think about things in odd ways that don't make sense to most people.	0	1	2	3
62	I don't care if my actions hurt others.	0	1	2	3
63	Sometimes I feel "controlled" by thoughts that belong to someone else.	0	1	2	3



CI	Client Responses (cont.)					
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True	
64	I make promises that I don't really intend to keep.	0	1	2	3	
65	Nothing seems to make me feel good.	0	1	2	3	
66	I get irritated easily by all sorts of things.	0	1	2	3	
67	I do what I want regardless of how unsafe it might be.	0	1	2	3	
68	I often forget to pay my bills.	0	1	2	3	
69	I'm good at conning people.	0	1	2	3	
70	Everything seems pointless to me.	0	1	2	3	
71	I get emotional over every little thing.	0	1	2	3	
72	It's no big deal if I hurt other peoples' feelings.	0	1	2	3	
73	I never show emotions to others.	0	1	2	3	
74	I have no worth as a person.	0	1	2	3	
75	I am usually pretty hostile.	0	1	2	3	
76	I've skipped town to avoid responsibilities.	0	1	2	3	
77	I like being a person who gets noticed.	0	1	2	3	
78	I'm always fearful or on edge about bad things that might happen.	0	1	2	3	
79	I never want to be alone.	0	1	2	3	
80	I keep trying to make things perfect, even when I've gotten them as good as they're likely to get.	0	1	2	3	
81	My emotions are unpredictable.	0	1	2	3	
82	I don't care about other peoples' problems.	0	1	2	3	



CI	Client Responses (cont.)					
		Very False or Often False	Sometimes False or Somewhat False	Sometimes True or Somewhat True	Very True or Often True	
83	I don't react much to things that seem to make others emotional.	0	1	2	3	
84	I avoid social events.	0	1	2	3	
85	I deserve special treatment.	0	1	2	3	
86	I suspect that even my so-called "friends" betray me a lot.	0	1	2	3	
87	I crave attention.	0	1	2	3	
88	Sometimes I think someone else is removing thoughts from my head.	0	1	2	3	
89	I simply won't put up with things being out of their proper places.	0	1	2	3	
90	I often have to deal with people who are less important than me.	0	1	2	3	
91	I get pulled off-task by even minor distractions.	0	1	2	3	
92	I try to do what others want me to do.	0	1	2	3	
93	I prefer being alone to having a close romantic partner.	0	1	2	3	
94	I often have thoughts that make sense to me but that other people say are strange.	0	1	2	3	
95	I use people to get what I want.	0	1	2	3	
96	I've had some really weird experiences that are very difficult to explain.	0	1	2	3	
97	I like to draw attention to myself.	0	1	2	3	
98	Things around me often feel unreal, or more real than usual.	0	1	2	3	
99	I'll stretch the truth if it's to my advantage.	0	1	2	3	
10 0	It is easy for me to take advantage of others.	0	1	2	3	